Tourism Council of Bhutan
Royal Government of Bhutan

For FREE DISTRIBUTION

For more information Contact us at:

Tourism Council of Bhutan
P.O.Box 126, GPO Thimphu, Bhutan
Tel: +675 2 323251/2
email: info@tourism.gov.bt
web: www.tourism.gov.bt

twitter.com/tourismbhutan
instagram.com/tourismbhutan
facebook.com/destinationbhutan
Drukgyel Dzong: Built in 1649 to commemorate the visit of Padmasambava to Mount Jhomolhari (7,314 meters) situated at the valley is also home to many of Bhutan's old monasteries and temples. The valley is famous for the production of honey, cheeses, apples and the yatra (woven horse blankets).

Ta Dzong: Built as a watchtower it was converted into the Druk Wangyal Chortens -108 stupa built by the Queen Mother Ashi Dorji Wangmo Wangchuck, the Druk Wangyal Chortens - 108 stupa built by the Queen Mother Ashi Dorji Wangmo Wangchuck, all kings hold the post of Trongsa Penlop prior to being crowned as the King. It served as the watchtower for Trongsa Dzong from internal rebellion and it is now a heritage museum.

Kuenselphodrang (Buddha Point): The Buddha statue and it is located about 6kms near a beautiful panoramic view of the mountain range can be seen. The place is further enhanced by the presence of the Kurje Lhakhang. It was built in 1999 by the King.

Kurje Lhakhang: It is dedicated to Saint Guru Padmasambava who is supposed to have meditated here in the 8th century. The place here. The people from neighbouring Arunachal Pradesh also join in the festivities.

Tamshing Lhakhang: It lies on the other side of the river opposite to the Kurje Lhakhang. It was built in 1501 by Terton Pema Lingpa, a re-incarnated saint. It is the ancestral home of our Kings and hosts several of the sacred sites of pilgrimage in the Kingdom. It also is one of the most isolated districts in Bhutan. The region is famous for weaving a textile called ‘Kishuthara’. Picking up a Kishuthara here will be much cheaper than buying one from the capital.

Mongar: (Altitude: 4,000 - 5,200 m approx.) The journey from Bumthang to Mongar is one of the most beautiful in the Himalaya, crossing the 3,800 high Tangtse pass. Mongar marks the beginning of eastern Bhutan.

Khamsum Yulley Namgyal Chorten: Built by the third King, His Majesty Jigme Dorji Wangchuck in 1974. It is a splendid example of the Bhutanese scriptures.

Kurje Lhakhang: It is dedicated to Saint Guru Padmasambava who is supposed to have meditated here in the 8th century. It is the ancestral home of our Kings and hosts several of the sacred sites of pilgrimage in the Kingdom. It is also one of the most isolated districts in Bhutan. The region is famous for weaving a textile called ‘Kishuthara’. Picking up a Kishuthara here will be much cheaper than buying one from the capital.

Mongar: (Altitude: 4,000 - 5,200 m approx.) The journey from Bumthang to Mongar is one of the most beautiful in the Himalaya, crossing the 3,800 high Tangtse pass. Mongar marks the beginning of eastern Bhutan.

Khamsum Yulley Namgyal Chorten: Built by the third King, His Majesty Jigme Dorji Wangchuck in 1974. It is a splendid example of the Bhutanese scriptures.